

Sen. Robert F. Martwick

Filed: 4/5/2022

	10200HB3699sam003 LRB102 14093 JDS 38744 a
1	AMENDMENT TO HOUSE BILL 3699
2	AMENDMENT NO Amend House Bill 3699, AS AMENDED,
3	by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the
4	following:
5	"Section 5. The Illinois State Police Law of the Civil
6	Administrative Code of Illinois is amended by changing
7	Sections 2605-10 and 2605-590 as follows:
8	(20 ILCS 2605/2605-10) (was 20 ILCS 2605/55a in part)
9	Sec. 2605-10. Powers and duties, generally.
10	(a) The Illinois State Police shall exercise the rights,
11	powers, and duties that have been vested in the Illinois State
12	Police by the following:
13	The Illinois State Police Act.
14	The Illinois State Police Radio Act.
15	The Criminal Identification Act.
16	The Illinois Vehicle Code.

- 1 The Firearm Owners Identification Card Act.
- 2 The Firearm Concealed Carry Act.
- 3 The Gun Dealer Licensing Act.
- 4 The Intergovernmental Missing Child Recovery Act of 1984.
- 5 The Intergovernmental <u>Law</u> Drug Laws Enforcement Act.
- 6 The Narcotic Control Division Abolition Act.
- 7 (b) The Illinois State Police shall have the powers and
- 8 duties set forth in the following Sections.
- 9 (Source: P.A. 102-538, eff. 8-20-21.)
- 10 (20 ILCS 2605/2605-590)
- 11 Sec. 2605-590. Drug Traffic Prevention Fund. Moneys
- deposited into the Drug Traffic Prevention Fund pursuant to
- 13 subsection (e) of Section 5-9-1.1 and subsection (c) of
- 14 Section 5-9-1.1-5 of the Unified Code of Corrections shall be
- appropriated to and administered by the Illinois State Police
- 16 for funding of drug task forces and Metropolitan Enforcement
- 17 Groups in accordance with the Intergovernmental <u>Law</u> Drug Laws
- 18 Enforcement Act.
- 19 (Source: P.A. 102-538, eff. 8-20-21.)
- 20 Section 10. The Intergovernmental Drug Laws Enforcement
- 21 Act is amended by changing the title of the Act and Sections 1,
- 22 2.02, and 3 as follows:
- 23 (30 ILCS 715/Act title)

- 1 An Act authorizing the establishment of Metropolitan
- Enforcement Groups to provide cooperation and increase 2
- efficiency in the enforcement of criminal drug laws among 3
- 4 units of local government, and to amend an Act herein named.
- 5 (30 ILCS 715/1) (from Ch. 56 1/2, par. 1701)
- Sec. 1. This Act shall be known and may be cited as the 6
- 7 "Intergovernmental Law Drug Laws Enforcement Act".
- 8 (Source: P.A. 80-617.)
- 9 (30 ILCS 715/2.02) (from Ch. 56 1/2, par. 1702.02)
- Sec. 2.02. "Metropolitan Enforcement Group" or "MEG" means 10
- 11 a combination of units of local government established under
- 12 this Act to enforce the drug laws of this State and criminal
- 13 laws of this State, as prescribed by this Act.
- (Source: P.A. 80-617.) 14
- 15 (30 ILCS 715/3) (from Ch. 56 1/2, par. 1703)
- 16 Sec. 3. A Metropolitan Enforcement Group that which meets
- 17 the minimum criteria established in this Section is eligible
- 18 to receive State grants to help defray the costs of operation.
- 19 To be eligible a MEG must:
- 20 (1)Ве established and operating pursuant to
- 21 intergovernmental contracts written and executed in
- 22 conformity with the Intergovernmental Cooperation Act, and
- 23 involve 2 or more units of local government.

2.1

- (2) Establish a MEG Policy Board composed of an elected official, or his designee, and the chief law enforcement officer, or his designee, from each participating unit of local government to oversee the operations of the MEG and make such reports to the Illinois State Police as the Illinois State Police may require.
- (3) Designate a single appropriate elected official of a participating unit of local government to act as the financial officer of the MEG for all participating units of local government and to receive funds for the operation of the MEG.
- (4) Limit its operations to enforcement of drug laws; enforcement of Sections 10-9, 18-3, 18-4, 24-1, 24-1.1, 24-1.2, 24-1.2-5, 24-1.5, 24-1.7, 24-1.8, 24-2.1, 24-2.2, 24-3, 24-3.1, 24-3.2, 24-3.3, 24-3.4, 24-3.5, 24-3.7, 24-3.8, 24-3.9, 24-3A, 24-3B, 24-4, and 24-5 of the Criminal Code of 2012; Sections 2, 3, 6.1, and 14 of the Firearm Owners Identification Card Act; and the investigation of streetgang related offenses.
- (5) Cooperate with the Illinois State Police in order to assure compliance with this Act and to enable the Illinois State Police to fulfill its duties under this Act, and supply the Illinois State Police with all information the Illinois State Police deems necessary therefor.

- 1 (6) Receive funding of at least 50% of the total
- 2 operating budget of the MEG from the participating units
- 3 of local government.
- 4 (Source: P.A. 102-237, eff. 1-1-22; 102-538, eff. 8-20-21;
- 5 revised 10-6-21.)
- 6 Section 15. The Cannabis Control Act is amended by
- 7 changing Section 10.2 as follows:
- 8 (720 ILCS 550/10.2) (from Ch. 56 1/2, par. 710.2)
- 9 Sec. 10.2. (a) Twelve and one-half percent of all amounts
- 10 collected as fines pursuant to the provisions of this Act
- shall be paid into the Youth Drug Abuse Prevention Fund, which
- is hereby created in the State treasury, to be used by the
- 13 Department of Human Services for the funding of programs and
- 14 services for drug-abuse treatment, and prevention and
- 15 education services, for juveniles.
- 16 (b) Eighty-seven and one-half percent of the proceeds of
- 17 all fines received under the provisions of this Act shall be
- 18 transmitted to and deposited in the treasurer's office at the
- 19 level of government as follows:
- 20 (1) If such seizure was made by a combination of law
- 21 enforcement personnel representing differing units of
- local government, the court levying the fine shall
- equitably allocate 50% of the fine among these units of
- local government and shall allocate 37 1/2% to the county

2.1

general corporate fund. In the event that the seizure was made by law enforcement personnel representing a unit of local government from a municipality where the number of inhabitants exceeds 2 million in population, the court levying the fine shall allocate 87 1/2% of the fine to that unit of local government. If the seizure was made by a combination of law enforcement personnel representing differing units of local government, and at least one of those units represents a municipality where the number of inhabitants exceeds 2 million in population, the court shall equitably allocate 87 1/2% of the proceeds of the fines received among the differing units of local government.

- (2) If such seizure was made by State law enforcement personnel, then the court shall allocate 37 1/2% to the State treasury and 50% to the county general corporate fund.
- (3) If a State law enforcement agency in combination with a law enforcement agency or agencies of a unit or units of local government conducted the seizure, the court shall equitably allocate 37 1/2% of the fines to or among the law enforcement agency or agencies of the unit or units of local government which conducted the seizure and shall allocate 50% to the county general corporate fund.
- (c) The proceeds of all fines allocated to the law enforcement agency or agencies of the unit or units of local

1 government pursuant to subsection (b) shall be made available to that law enforcement agency as expendable receipts for use 3 in the enforcement of laws regulating controlled substances 4 and cannabis. The proceeds of fines awarded to the State 5 treasury shall be deposited in a special fund known as the Drug Traffic Prevention Fund, except that amounts distributed to 6 the Secretary of State shall be deposited into the Secretary 7 of State Evidence Fund to be used as provided in Section 2-115 9 of the Illinois Vehicle Code. Monies from this fund may be used 10 by the Illinois State Police for use in the enforcement of laws 11 regulating controlled substances and cannabis; to satisfy funding provisions of the Intergovernmental Law Drug Laws 12 13 Enforcement Act; to defray costs and expenses associated with 14 returning violators of this Act, the Illinois Controlled 15 Substances Act, and the Methamphetamine Control and Community 16 Protection Act only, as provided in such Acts, when punishment of the crime shall be confinement of the criminal in the 17 18 penitentiary; and all other monies shall be paid into the 19 general revenue fund in the State treasury.

20 (Source: P.A. 102-538, eff. 8-20-21.)

- Section 20. The Illinois Controlled Substances Act is amended by changing Section 413 as follows:
- 23 (720 ILCS 570/413) (from Ch. 56 1/2, par. 1413)
- Sec. 413. (a) Twelve and one-half percent of all amounts

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

2.1

22

23

24

25

- collected as fines pursuant to the provisions of this Article
 shall be paid into the Youth Drug Abuse Prevention Fund, which
 is hereby created in the State treasury, to be used by the
 Department for the funding of programs and services for
 drug-abuse treatment, and prevention and education services,
 for juveniles.
 - (b) Eighty-seven and one-half percent of the proceeds of all fines received under the provisions of this Article shall be transmitted to and deposited in the treasurer's office at the level of government as follows:
 - (1) If such seizure was made by a combination of law enforcement personnel representing differing units of local government, the court levying the fine shall equitably allocate 50% of the fine among these units of local government and shall allocate 37 1/2% to the county general corporate fund. In the event that the seizure was made by law enforcement personnel representing a unit of local government from a municipality where the number of inhabitants exceeds 2 million in population, the court levying the fine shall allocate 87 1/2% of the fine to that unit of local government. If the seizure was made by a combination of law enforcement personnel representing differing units of local government, and at least one of those units represents a municipality where the number of inhabitants exceeds 2 million in population, the court shall equitably allocate 87 1/2% of the proceeds of the

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

2.1

22

23

24

25

2.6

fines received among the differing units of local government.

- (2) If such seizure was made by State law enforcement personnel, then the court shall allocate 37 1/2% to the State treasury and 50% to the county general corporate fund.
- (3) If a State law enforcement agency in combination with a law enforcement agency or agencies of a unit or units of local government conducted the seizure, the court shall equitably allocate 37 1/2% of the fines to or among the law enforcement agency or agencies of the unit or units of local government which conducted the seizure and shall allocate 50% to the county general corporate fund.
- The proceeds of all fines allocated to the law enforcement agency or agencies of the unit or units of local government pursuant to subsection (b) shall be made available to that law enforcement agency as expendable receipts for use in the enforcement of laws regulating cannabis, methamphetamine, and other controlled substances. The proceeds of fines awarded to the State treasury shall be deposited in a special fund known as the Drug Traffic Prevention Fund, except that amounts distributed to the Secretary of State shall be deposited into the Secretary of State Evidence Fund to be used as provided in Section 2-115 of the Illinois Vehicle Code. Monies from this fund may be used by the Illinois State Police or use in the enforcement of laws regulating cannabis,

- 1 methamphetamine, and other controlled substances; to satisfy
- 2 funding provisions of the Intergovernmental Law Drug Laws
- 3 Enforcement Act; to defray costs and expenses associated with
- 4 returning violators of the Cannabis Control Act and this Act
- 5 only, as provided in those Acts, when punishment of the crime
- shall be confinement of the criminal in the penitentiary; and
- 7 all other monies shall be paid into the general revenue fund in
- 8 the State treasury.
- 9 (Source: P.A. 97-334, eff. 1-1-12.)
- 10 Section 25. The Methamphetamine Control and Community
- 11 Protection Act is amended by changing Section 95 as follows:
- 12 (720 ILCS 646/95)
- 13 Sec. 95. Youth Drug Abuse Prevention Fund.
- 14 (a) Twelve and one-half percent of all amounts collected
- as fines pursuant to the provisions of this Article shall be
- paid into the Youth Drug Abuse Prevention Fund created by the
- 17 Controlled Substances Act in the State treasury, to be used by
- 18 the Department for the funding of programs and services for
- 19 drug-abuse treatment, and prevention and education services,
- 20 for juveniles.
- 21 (b) Eighty-seven and one-half percent of the proceeds of
- 22 all fines received under the provisions of this Act shall be
- 23 transmitted to and deposited into the State treasury and
- 24 distributed as follows:

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

2.1

22

23

24

25

- (1) If such seizure was made by a combination of law enforcement personnel representing differing units of local government, the court levying the fine shall equitably allocate 50% of the fine among these units of local government and shall allocate 37.5% to the county general corporate fund. If the seizure was made by law enforcement personnel representing a unit of local government from a municipality where the number of inhabitants exceeds 2 million in population, the court levying the fine shall allocate 87.5% of the fine to that unit of local government. If the seizure was made by a combination of law enforcement personnel representing differing units of local government and if at least one of those units represents a municipality where the number of inhabitants exceeds 2 million in population, the court shall equitably allocate 87.5% of the proceeds of the received among the differing units of local government.
- (2) If such seizure was made by State law enforcement personnel, then the court shall allocate 37.5% to the State treasury and 50% to the county general corporate fund.
- (3) If a State law enforcement agency in combination with any law enforcement agency or agencies of a unit or units of local government conducted the seizure, the court shall equitably allocate 37.5% of the fines to or among

5

6

7

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

2.1

22

23

24

25

1 the law enforcement agency or agencies of the unit or units of local government that conducted the seizure and 3 shall allocate 50% to the county general corporate fund.

The proceeds of all fines allocated to the law enforcement agency or agencies of the unit or units of local government pursuant to subsection (b) shall be made available to that law enforcement agency as expendable receipts for use in the enforcement of laws regulating controlled substances and cannabis. The proceeds of fines awarded to the State treasury shall be deposited in a special fund known as the Drug Traffic Prevention Fund, except that amounts distributed to the Secretary of State shall be deposited into the Secretary of State Evidence Fund to be used as provided in Section 2-115 of the Illinois Vehicle Code. Moneys from this Fund may be used by the Illinois State Police for use in the enforcement of laws regulating controlled substances and cannabis; to satisfy funding provisions of the Intergovernmental Law Drug Laws Enforcement Act; to defray costs and expenses associated with returning violators of the Cannabis Control Act and this Act only, as provided in those Acts, when punishment of the crime shall be confinement of the criminal in the penitentiary; and all other moneys shall be paid into the General Revenue Fund in the State treasury.

Section 30. The Narcotics Profit Forfeiture Act is amended

(Source: P.A. 102-538, eff. 8-20-21.)

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

by changing Sections 5 and 5.2 as follows: 1

- (725 ILCS 175/5) (from Ch. 56 1/2, par. 1655) 2
- 3 Sec. 5. (a) A person who commits the offense of narcotics 4 racketeering shall:
- 5 (1) be guilty of a Class 1 felony; and
- (2) be subject to a fine of up to \$250,000. 6

A person who commits the offense of narcotics racketeering or who violates Section 3 of the Drug Paraphernalia Control Act shall forfeit to the State of Illinois: (A) any profits or proceeds and any property or property interest he has acquired or maintained in violation of this Act or Section 3 of the Drug Paraphernalia Control Act or has used to facilitate a violation of this Act that the court determines, after a forfeiture hearing, under subsection (b) of this Section to have been acquired or maintained as a result of narcotics racketeering or violating Section 3 of the Drug Paraphernalia Control Act, or used to facilitate narcotics racketeering; and (B) any interest in, security of, claim against, or property or contractual right of any kind affording a source of influence over, any enterprise which he has established, operated, controlled, conducted, or participated in conduct of, in violation of this Act or Section 3 of the Drug Paraphernalia Control Act, that the court determines, after a forfeiture hearing, under subsection (b) of this Section to have been acquired or maintained as a result of narcotics

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

2.1

22

23

24

25

26

1 racketeering or violating Section 3 of the Drug Paraphernalia 2 Control Act or used to facilitate narcotics racketeering.

- (b) The court shall, upon petition by the Attorney General or State's Attorney, at any time subsequent to the filing of an information or return of an indictment, conduct a hearing to determine whether any property or property interest is subject to forfeiture under this Act. At the forfeiture hearing the have the burden of establishing, by people shall preponderance of the evidence, that property or property interests are subject to forfeiture under this Act. There is a rebuttable presumption at such hearing that any property or property interest of a person charged by information or indictment with narcotics racketeering or who is convicted of a violation of Section 3 of the Drug Paraphernalia Control Act is subject to forfeiture under this Section if the State establishes by a preponderance of the evidence that:
 - (1) such property or property interest was acquired by such person during the period of the violation of this Act or Section 3 of the Drug Paraphernalia Control Act or within a reasonable time after such period; and
 - (2) there was no likely source for such property or property interest other than the violation of this Act or Section 3 of the Drug Paraphernalia Control Act.
- (c) In an action brought by the People of the State of Illinois under this Act, wherein any restraining order, injunction or prohibition or any other action in connection

2.1

with any property or property interest subject to forfeiture under this Act is sought, the circuit court which shall preside over the trial of the person or persons charged with narcotics racketeering as defined in Section 4 of this Act or violating Section 3 of the Drug Paraphernalia Control Act shall first determine whether there is probable cause to believe that the person or persons so charged has committed the offense of narcotics racketeering as defined in Section 4 of this Act or a violation of Section 3 of the Drug Paraphernalia Control Act and whether the property or property interest is subject to forfeiture pursuant to this Act.

In order to make such a determination, prior to entering any such order, the court shall conduct a hearing without a jury, wherein the People shall establish that there is: (i) probable cause that the person or persons so charged have committed the offense of narcotics racketeering or violating Section 3 of the Drug Paraphernalia Control Act and (ii) probable cause that any property or property interest may be subject to forfeiture pursuant to this Act. Such hearing may be conducted simultaneously with a preliminary hearing, if the prosecution is commenced by information or complaint, or by motion of the People, at any stage in the proceedings. The court may accept a finding of probable cause at a preliminary hearing following the filing of an information charging the offense of narcotics racketeering as defined in Section 4 of this Act or the return of an indictment by a grand jury

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

2.1

22

23

24

25

26

charging the offense of narcotics racketeering as defined in Section 4 of this Act or after a charge is filed for violating Section 3 of the Drug Paraphernalia Control Act as sufficient evidence of probable cause as provided in item (i) above.

Upon such a finding, the circuit court shall enter such restraining order, injunction or prohibition, or shall take such other action in connection with any such property or property interest subject to forfeiture under this Act, as is necessary to insure that such property is not removed from the jurisdiction of the court, concealed, destroyed or otherwise disposed of by the owner of that property or property interest prior to a forfeiture hearing under subsection (b) of this Section. The Attorney General or State's Attorney shall file a certified copy of such restraining order, injunction or other prohibition with the recorder of deeds or registrar of titles of each county where any such property of the defendant may be located. No such injunction, restraining order or other prohibition shall affect the rights of any bona fide purchaser, mortgagee, judgment creditor or other lien holder arising prior to the date of such filing.

The court may, at any time, upon verified petition by the defendant, conduct a hearing to release all or portions of any such property or interest which the court previously determined to be subject to forfeiture or subject to any restraining order, injunction, or prohibition or other action. The court may release such property to the defendant for good

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

2.1

22

23

24

25

- 1 cause shown and within the sound discretion of the court.
 - (d) Prosecution under this Act may be commenced by the Attorney General or a State's Attorney.
 - (e) Upon an order of forfeiture being entered pursuant to subsection (b) of this Section, the court shall authorize the Attorney General to seize any property or property interest declared forfeited under this Act and under such terms and conditions as the court shall deem proper. Any property or property interest that has been the subject of an entered restraining order, injunction or prohibition or any other action filed under subsection (c) shall be forfeited unless the claimant can show by a preponderance of the evidence that the property or property interest has not been acquired or maintained as a result of narcotics racketeering or has not been used to facilitate narcotics racketeering.
 - (f) The Attorney General or his designee is authorized to sell all property forfeited and seized pursuant to this Act, unless such property is required by law to be destroyed or is harmful to the public, and, after the deduction of all requisite expenses of administration and sale, distribute the proceeds of such sale, along with any moneys forfeited or seized, in accordance with subsection (q) or (h), whichever is applicable.
 - (q) All monies and the sale proceeds of all other property forfeited and seized pursuant to this Act shall be distributed as follows:

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

2.1

22

23

24

2.5

26

- (1) An amount equal to 50% shall be distributed to the unit of local government whose officers or employees conducted the investigation into narcotics racketeering and caused the arrest or arrests and prosecution leading to the forfeiture. Amounts distributed to units of local government shall be used for enforcement of laws governing narcotics activity or for public education in community or schools in the prevention or detection of the abuse of drugs or alcohol. In the event, however, that the investigation, arrest or arrests and prosecution leading to the forfeiture were undertaken solely by a State agency, the portion provided hereunder shall be paid into the Drug Traffic Prevention Fund in the State treasury to be used for enforcement of laws governing narcotics activity.
- (2) An amount equal to 12.5% shall be distributed to the county in which the prosecution resulting in the forfeiture was instituted, deposited in a special fund in the county treasury and appropriated to the State's Attorney for use in the enforcement of laws governing narcotics activity or for public education in community or schools in the prevention or detection of the abuse of drugs or alcohol.

An amount equal to 12.5% shall be distributed to the Office of the State's Attorneys Appellate Prosecutor and deposited in the Narcotics Profit Forfeiture Fund, which

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

2.1

22

23

24

25

26

is hereby created in the State treasury, to be used by the Office of the State's Attorneys Appellate Prosecutor for additional expenses incurred in prosecuting appeals arising under this Act. Any amounts remaining in the Fund after all additional expenses have been paid shall be used by the Office to reduce the participating county contributions to the Office on a pro-rated basis as determined by the board of governors of the Office of the State's Attorneys Appellate Prosecutor based on the populations of the participating counties.

- (3) An amount equal to 25% shall be paid into the Drug Traffic Prevention Fund in the State treasury to be used by the Illinois State Police for funding Metropolitan Enforcement Groups created pursuant to the Intergovernmental Law Drug Laws Enforcement Act. amounts remaining in the Fund after full funding of Metropolitan Enforcement Groups shall be enforcement, by the State or any unit of local government, of laws governing narcotics activity or for public education in the community or schools in the prevention or detection of the abuse of drugs or alcohol.
- (h) Where the investigation or indictment for the offense of narcotics racketeering or a violation of Section 3 of the Drug Paraphernalia Control Act has occurred under the provisions of the Statewide Grand Jury Act, all monies and the sale proceeds of all other property shall be distributed as

follows:

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

2.1

22

23

24

25

- 60% shall be distributed to the metropolitan enforcement group, local, municipal, county, or State law enforcement agency or agencies which conducted the investigation resulting participated in in the forfeiture. The distribution shall bear a reasonable relationship to the degree of direct participation of the law enforcement agency in the effort resulting in the forfeiture, taking into account the total value of the property forfeited and the total law enforcement effort with respect to the violation of the law on which the forfeiture is based. Amounts distributed to the agency or agencies shall be used for the enforcement of laws governing cannabis and controlled substances or for public education in the community or schools in the prevention or detection of the abuse of drugs or alcohol.
- (2) 25% shall be distributed by the Attorney General as grants to drug education, treatment and prevention programs licensed or approved by the Department of Human Services. In making these grants, the Attorney General shall take into account the plans and service priorities of, and the needs identified by, the Department of Human Services.
- (3) 15% shall be distributed to the Attorney General and the State's Attorney, if any, participating in the prosecution resulting in the forfeiture. The distribution

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

2.1

22

23

24

25

26

shall bear a reasonable relationship to the degree of direct participation in the prosecution of the offense, taking into account the total value of the property forfeited and the total amount of time spent in preparing and presenting the case, the complexity of the case and other similar factors. Amounts distributed to the Attorney General under this paragraph shall be retained in a fund held by the State Treasurer as ex-officio custodian to be designated as the Statewide Grand Jury Prosecution Fund and paid out upon the direction of the Attorney General for expenses incurred in criminal prosecutions arising under the Statewide Grand Jury Act. Amounts distributed to a State's Attorney shall be deposited in a special fund in county treasury and appropriated to the State's Attorney for use in the enforcement of laws governing narcotics activity or for public education in community or schools in the prevention or detection of the abuse of drugs or alcohol.

(i) All monies deposited pursuant to this Act in the Drug Traffic Prevention Fund established under Section 5-9-1.2 of the Unified Code of Corrections are appropriated, on a continuing basis, to the Illinois State Police to be used for funding Metropolitan Enforcement Groups created pursuant to the Intergovernmental Law Drug Laws Enforcement Act otherwise for the enforcement of laws governing narcotics activity or for public education in the community or schools

- 1 in the prevention or detection of the abuse of drugs or
- alcohol. 2

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

- (Source: P.A. 102-538, eff. 8-20-21.) 3
- 4 (725 ILCS 175/5.2) (from Ch. 56 1/2, par. 1655.2)
- Sec. 5.2. (a) Twelve and one-half percent of all amounts 5 6 collected as fines pursuant to the provisions of this Act 7 shall be paid into the Youth Drug Abuse Prevention Fund, which 8 is hereby created in the State treasury, to be used by the 9 Department of Human Services for the funding of programs and 10 services for drug-abuse treatment, and prevention and education services, for juveniles. 11
 - (b) Eighty-seven and one-half percent of the proceeds of all fines received under the provisions of this Act shall be transmitted to and deposited in the treasurer's office at the level of government as follows:
 - (1) If such seizure was made by a combination of law enforcement personnel representing differing units of local government, the court levving the fine shall equitably allocate 50% of the fine among these units of local government and shall allocate 37 1/2% to the county general corporate fund. In the event that the seizure was made by law enforcement personnel representing a unit of local government from a municipality where the number of inhabitants exceeds 2 million in population, the court levying the fine shall allocate 87 1/2% of the fine to that

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

2.1

22

23

24

25

26

unit of local government. If the seizure was made by a combination of law enforcement personnel representing differing units of local government, and at least one of those units represents a municipality where the number of inhabitants exceeds 2 million in population, the court shall equitably allocate 87 1/2% of the proceeds of the received among the differing units of government.

- (2) If such seizure was made by State law enforcement personnel, then the court shall allocate 37 1/2% to the State treasury and 50% to the county general corporate fund.
- (3) If a State law enforcement agency in combination with a law enforcement agency or agencies of a unit or units of local government conducted the seizure, the court shall equitably allocate 37 1/2% of the fines to or among the law enforcement agency or agencies of the unit or units of local government which conducted the seizure and shall allocate 50% to the county general corporate fund.
- (c) The proceeds of all fines allocated to the law enforcement agency or agencies of the unit or units of local government pursuant to subsection (b) shall be made available to that law enforcement agency as expendable receipts for use in the enforcement of laws regulating controlled substances and cannabis. The proceeds of fines awarded to the State treasury shall be deposited in a special fund known as the Drug

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

1 Traffic Prevention Fund. Monies from this fund may be used by the Illinois State Police for use in the enforcement of laws 2 3 regulating controlled substances and cannabis; to satisfy 4 funding provisions of the Intergovernmental Law Drug Laws 5 Enforcement Act; to defray costs and expenses associated with returning violators of the Cannabis Control Act and the 6 Illinois Controlled Substances Act only, as provided in those 7 Acts, when punishment of the crime shall be confinement of the 9 criminal in the penitentiary; and all other monies shall be 10 paid into the general revenue fund in the State treasury.

12 Section 35. The Unified Code of Corrections is amended by 13 changing Section 5-9-1.2 as follows:

14 (730 ILCS 5/5-9-1.2) (from Ch. 38, par. 1005-9-1.2)

(Source: P.A. 102-538, eff. 8-20-21.)

Sec. 5-9-1.2. (a) Twelve and one-half percent of all amounts collected as fines pursuant to Section 5-9-1.1 shall be paid into the Youth Drug Abuse Prevention Fund, which is hereby created in the State treasury, to be used by the Department of Human Services for the funding of programs and services for drug-abuse treatment, and prevention and education services, for juveniles.

(b) Eighty-seven and one-half percent of the proceeds of all fines received pursuant to Section 5-9-1.1 shall be transmitted to and deposited in the treasurer's office at the

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

2.1

22

23

24

25

26

level of government as follows:

- (1) If such seizure was made by a combination of law enforcement personnel representing differing units of local government, the court levying the fine shall equitably allocate 50% of the fine among these units of local government and shall allocate 37 1/2% to the county general corporate fund. In the event that the seizure was made by law enforcement personnel representing a unit of local government from a municipality where the number of inhabitants exceeds 2 million in population, the court levying the fine shall allocate 87 1/2% of the fine to that unit of local government. If the seizure was made by a combination of law enforcement personnel representing differing units of local government, and at least one of those units represents a municipality where the number of inhabitants exceeds 2 million in population, the court shall equitably allocate 87 1/2% of the proceeds of the fines received among the differing units of local government.
- (2) If such seizure was made by State law enforcement personnel, then the court shall allocate 37 1/2% to the State treasury and 50% to the county general corporate fund.
- (3) If a State law enforcement agency in combination with a law enforcement agency or agencies of a unit or units of local government conducted the seizure, the court

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

2.1

22

23

24

25

26

1 shall equitably allocate 37 1/2% of the fines to or among the law enforcement agency or agencies of the unit or 2 3 units of local government which conducted the seizure and 4 shall allocate 50% to the county general corporate fund.

(c) The proceeds of all fines allocated to the law enforcement agency or agencies of the unit or units of local government pursuant to subsection (b) shall be made available to that law enforcement agency as expendable receipts for use in the enforcement of laws regulating controlled substances and cannabis. The proceeds of fines awarded to the State treasury shall be deposited in a special fund known as the Drug Traffic Prevention Fund. Monies from this fund may be used by the Illinois State Police for use in the enforcement of laws regulating controlled substances and cannabis; to satisfy funding provisions of the Intergovernmental Law Drug Laws Enforcement Act; and to defray costs and expenses associated with returning violators of the Cannabis Control Act, the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, and the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act only, as provided in those Acts, when punishment of the crime shall be confinement of the criminal in the penitentiary. Moneys in the Drug Traffic Prevention Fund deposited from fines awarded as a direct result of enforcement efforts of the Illinois Conservation Police may be used by the Department of Natural Resources Office of Law Enforcement for use in enforcing laws regulating controlled substances and cannabis on Department of

- 1 Natural Resources regulated lands and waterways. All other
- 2 monies shall be paid into the general revenue fund in the State
- 3 treasury.
- 4 (d) There is created in the State treasury
- 5 Methamphetamine Law Enforcement Fund. Moneys in the Fund shall
- 6 be equitably allocated to local law enforcement agencies to:
- (1) reimburse those agencies for the costs of securing and 7
- cleaning up sites and facilities used for the illegal 8
- 9 manufacture of methamphetamine; (2) defray the costs of
- 10 employing full-time or part-time peace officers from a
- 11 Metropolitan Enforcement Group or other local drug task force,
- including overtime costs for those officers; and (3) defray 12
- 13 the costs associated with medical or dental expenses incurred
- 14 by the county resulting from the incarceration
- 15 methamphetamine addicts in the county jail or County
- 16 Department of Corrections.
- (Source: P.A. 102-538, eff. 8-20-21.) 17
- 18 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
- 19 becoming law.".